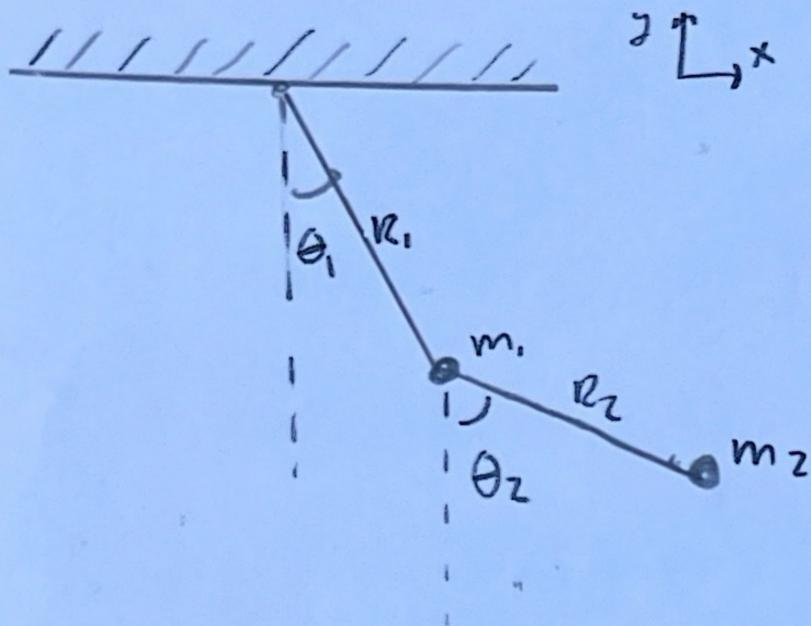


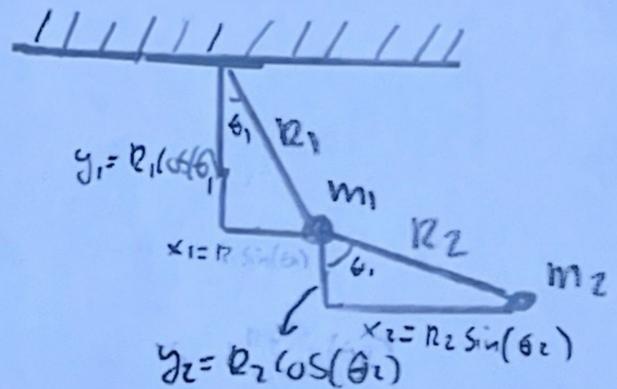
Double Pendulum



$$L = T - U$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial q_i} - \frac{d}{dt} \frac{dL}{dq_i} = 0$$

$$\dot{q}_i = \frac{dq_i}{dt}, \quad \ddot{q}_i = \frac{d^2 q_i}{dt^2}$$



$$T = \frac{1}{2} m_1 \dot{r}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 \dot{r}_2^2$$

$$U = m_1 g h_1 + m_2 g h_2$$

$$r_1 = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 \sin(\theta_1) \\ -r_1 \cos(\theta_1) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$r_2 = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 \sin(\theta_1) + r_2 \sin(\theta_2) \\ -r_1 \cos(\theta_1) - r_2 \cos(\theta_2) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

ρ not constant

$$\dot{r}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 \cos(\theta_1) \cdot \dot{\theta}_1 \\ + r_1 \sin(\theta_1) \cdot \dot{\theta}_1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\dot{r}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 \cos(\theta_1) \dot{\theta}_1 + r_2 \cos(\theta_2) \dot{\theta}_2 \\ + r_1 \sin(\theta_1) \dot{\theta}_1 + r_2 \sin(\theta_2) \dot{\theta}_2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\dot{r}_1^2 = \dot{r}_1 \cdot \dot{r}_1^T = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 \cos(\theta_1) \dot{\theta}_1 \\ r_1 \sin(\theta_1) \dot{\theta}_1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} r_1 \cos(\theta_1) \dot{\theta}_1 & r_1 \sin(\theta_1) \dot{\theta}_1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= (r_1 \cos(\theta_1) \dot{\theta}_1)^2 + (r_1 \sin(\theta_1) \dot{\theta}_1)^2 + 0^2$$

$$= r_1^2 \cos^2(\theta) \dot{\theta}_1^2 + r_1^2 \sin^2(\theta) \dot{\theta}_1^2$$

$$= r_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 (\cos^2(\theta) + \sin^2(\theta))$$

$$= r_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2$$

$$T_1 = \frac{1}{2} m_1 \cdot r_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2$$

$$U_1 = -m_1 g \cdot r_1 \cos(\theta)$$

$$\dot{v}_2^z = \dot{v}_2 - \dot{v}_2^* = \begin{pmatrix} R_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1) + R_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_2) \\ R_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin(\theta_1) + R_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_2) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} R_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1) + R_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_2) \\ R_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin(\theta_1) + R_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_2) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= [R_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1) + R_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_2)]^2 + [R_1 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin(\theta_1) + R_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_2)]^2$$

$$= [R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \cos^2(\theta_1) + R_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \cos^2(\theta_2) + 2R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1) \cos(\theta_2)] + \dots$$

$$\dots [R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin^2(\theta_1) + R_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \sin^2(\theta_2) + 2R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1) \sin(\theta_2)]$$

$$= [R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \cos^2(\theta_1) + R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin^2(\theta_1)] = R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 (\cos^2(\theta_1) + \sin^2(\theta_1))$$

$$= [R_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \cos^2(\theta_2) + R_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \sin^2(\theta_2)] = R_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 (\cos^2(\theta_2) + \sin^2(\theta_2))$$

$$= [2R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 (\cos(\theta_1) \cos(\theta_2) + \sin(\theta_1) \sin(\theta_2))]$$

$$= 2R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 (\cos(\theta_1) \cos(\theta_2) + \sin(\theta_1) \sin(\theta_2))$$

trick:

$$(\cos(\theta_2) \cos(\theta_1) + \sin(\theta_1) \sin(\theta_2) = \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2))$$

$$= 2R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cdot \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$

$$\dot{v}_2^z = R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + R_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cdot \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$

$$T_2 = \frac{1}{2} m_2 (R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + R_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cdot \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2))$$

$$U_2 = -m_2 g (-R_1 \cos(\theta_1) - R_2 \cos(\theta_2))$$

$$U_2 = m_2 g (R_1 \cos(\theta_1) + R_2 \cos(\theta_2))$$

$$T_1 = \frac{1}{2} m_1 R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2$$

$$U_1 = -m_1 g R_1 \cos(\theta_1)$$

$$T_2 = \frac{1}{2} m_2 (R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + R_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2))$$

$$U_2 = m_2 g (R_1 \cos(\theta_1) + R_2 \cos(\theta_2))$$

$$L = T - U = T_1 + T_2 - U_1 - U_2$$

$$L = \frac{1}{2} m_1 R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 (R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + R_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)) + m_1 g R_1 \cos(\theta_1) + m_2 g (R_1 \cos(\theta_1) + R_2 \cos(\theta_2))$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} = m_1 g R_1 \cos(\theta_1) + m_2 g R_1 \cos(\theta_1) + m_2 g R_2 \cos(\theta_2) \\ = g R_1 \cos(\theta_1) (m_1 + m_2) + m_2 g R_2 \cos(\theta_2) \end{cases}$$

$$L = \frac{1}{2} m_1 R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 (R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + R_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)) + g R_1 \cos(\theta_1) (m_1 + m_2) + m_2 g R_2 \cos(\theta_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_1} - \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_1} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_1} = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) \cdot 1 - g R_1 \sin(\theta_1) (m_1 + m_2) \cdot 1$$

$$= -m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - g R_1 \sin(\theta_1) (m_1 + m_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_1} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 m_1 R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 m_2 R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) \cdot 1$$

$$= m_1 R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1 + m_2 R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1 + m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_1} = m_1 R_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 R_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 + m_2 R_1 R_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2)$$

$$= R_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 (m_1 + m_2) + m_2 R_1 R_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_1} - \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_1} = -m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - g R_1 \sin(\theta_1) (m_1 + m_2) -$$

$$- (R_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 (m_1 + m_2) + m_2 R_1 R_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2))$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_1} - \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_1} = -g R_1 \sin(\theta_1) (m_1 + m_2) - R_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 (m_1 + m_2) - m_2 R_1 R_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_2} - \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} = 0$$

$$L = \frac{1}{2} m_1 R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 (R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 + R_2^2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 + 2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2)) + m_1 R_1 \cos(\theta_1) (m_1 + m_2) + m_2 g R_2 \cos(\theta_2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_2} &= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) \cdot (-1) - m_2 g R_2 \sin(\theta_2) \cdot 1 \\ &= m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 g R_2 \sin(\theta_2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} &= \frac{1}{2} \cdot m_2 R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_2 \cdot 2 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 m_2 \cdot R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) \\ &= m_2 R_1^2 \dot{\theta}_2 + m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \cdot \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} = m_2 R_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_2 + m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left[\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_2} \right] - \left[\frac{d}{dt} \cdot \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} \right] &= \left[m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 g R_2 \sin(\theta_2) \right] - \dots \\ &\quad - \left[m_2 R_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_2 + m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) (\dot{\theta}_1 - \dot{\theta}_2) \right] \\ &\quad - m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_2} - \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} = -m_2 g R_2 \sin(\theta_2) - m_2 R_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_2 - m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_1} - \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_1} = -gR_1 \sin(\theta_1)(m_1 + m_2) - R_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 (m_1 + m_2) - m_2 R_1 R_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_1} = \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_1}$$

$$-gR_1 \sin(\theta_1)(m_1 + m_2) = R_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_1 (m_1 + m_2) + m_2 R_1 R_2 \ddot{\theta}_2 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_2^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_2} - \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2} = -m_2 g R_2 \sin(\theta_2) - m_2 R_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_2 - m_2 R_1 R_2 \ddot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta_2} = \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}_2}$$

$$-m_2 g R_2 \sin(\theta_2) = m_2 R_1^2 \ddot{\theta}_2 + m_2 R_1 R_2 \ddot{\theta}_1 \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) - m_2 R_1 R_2 \dot{\theta}_1^2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2)$$